

## HUERTA'S OWN MEN TURN AGAINST HIM

Dictator's Situation Again  
Declared Critical by  
Refugees.

## NEAR A BREAK WITH VELASCO

Report of Mutiny of Palace  
Guards Suppressed—Blanquet  
as a Peacemaker.

Vera Cruz, May 29.—President Huerta's position was again described to-day by refugees who arrived here from the capital as extremely critical, because of the growing antagonism among army officers to his continuance in what is virtually a dictatorship. The many reports of the mutiny on Saturday last, when Federals were said to have been repulsed with heavy loss in an attack on Huerta's home in a suburb, and of a previous uprising among the troops, show clearly that the elimination of Huerta by his own men is an ever-present possibility. Americans and other foreigners in the capital are confident of the partial truth of these reports, at least, because the newspapers are not allowed to publish anything whatever relating to the disturbances known to have occurred. It is said that "El Pais," the most independent of the capital papers, has been suppressed since last week, when an item describing a mutiny of the palace guards, composed of members of the heretofore loyal 29th Infantry, was set up and about to be printed.

Discord with Blanquet. The reported attempted mutiny among the men of the 29th is doubly interesting, because it leads back to the rumors of discord between President Huerta and General Blanquet, Minister of War. The varying accounts of this split between the two men were augmented to-day by what purports to be a detailed report from a palace official of a recent conference between Huerta, Blanquet and General Velasco, when the last named received orders to return to San Luis Potosi, taking with him the recruits impressed from the territory surrounding the capital and including many high caste Mexicans who volunteered to fight against the Americans.

Velasco protested against sending these raw recruits, poorly armed and almost without ammunition, to the front. Over Huerta's repeated instructions he declared that it meant only the slaughter of these men, and could not result even in delaying the advance of the Constitutionalists.

Enraged by this opposition, Huerta is said to have leaned across the table, and, shaking his fist in Velasco's face, shouted at him that he must do as ordered or take the consequences.

General Velasco repeated his objections, and Huerta became so furious that General Blanquet was forced to intervene, shouting: "This is no way to adjust this affair."

The minister's pleading for peace and his efforts to have Velasco accept his orders were finally successful, and Velasco left for the front, although still warmly protesting that he was taking his force to a useless death.

**Velasco May Turn.** Credence is accorded this story because it would explain recent rumors that Velasco had turned against Huerta with the men under his command. The rumors are not generally credited, but they serve to show open discord between the President and the commander.

One of Velasco's objections has been removed by the landing of arms and ammunition at Puerto Mexico from the steamers Bavaria and Ypiranga. By some of the refugees who arrived here to-day it was said that the war supplies were being hurried to the capital.

## White Horses Help to Win Pennants

One day in 1904, when Bowerman was with the New York Giants, he saw a team of white horses drive past the ball park. "It's a good sign," he said. "Watch me kill the ball this afternoon." He did. The next day somebody else saw the white horses; also on the day after. By the end of the week the entire team was slugging the ball at a great rate.

## John J. McGraw

tells of this incident, and adds: "On the day Bowerman told me he had seen the horses I made up my mind that everybody else on the team should see them. So I engaged the driver to take them past the Polo Grounds every day at a certain hour." And that year the Giants won their first pennant in many years!

McGraw's article about the building up of the great baseball machine known as the Giants leads the next Sunday Magazine of The Tribune

## ANARCHY SURE AS U. S. ARMY LEAVES MEXICO

Promise of Huerta to Retire Not To Be Relied on—  
Even in Vera Cruz Natives Think Amer-  
icans Are in Fear of Them.

By RICHARD HARDING DAVIS.

Vera Cruz, May 29.—The statement cabled here that when Huerta retires the American army is to be withdrawn is received with disbelief. Those who have for a long time lived in Mexico distrust any promise of Huerta to retire.

If such a promise is made they believe that back in the brain of the cunning old Indian is some excuse for not keeping that promise. They say he likes his job, that he has as yet not made enough money out of it to satisfy him, and now that he has the support of arms and ammunition from the Ypiranga any idea he might have had of resigning is no longer considered.

As to withdrawing our troops every one believes such a step would be impossible. Not only would it be death to what little prestige we still may possess, but it would be death to any white people remaining in the country. This is the opinion of an American who has for the last three years travelled all over Mexico. He is a well known official of our government, so well known to your readers that I cannot give his name, but he believes that without the menace of our troops Mexico will never carry out any conditions of the A. B. C. findings except those that meet with their approval.

Already Mexicans, not only in the capital but even here in Vera Cruz, believe the reason our troops do not advance is because we are afraid. If now we withdraw altogether, having administered no punishment, demanded no reparation, our visit as it will be

represented to Mexicans and as it will be interpreted by them will be for us a bluff that failed and for them another glorious victory.

All we have done in Vera Cruz to punish the Mexicans is to clean their city. That does not impress them. For three hundred years they have lived amid filth and flies. They are used to dirt. The day we sail away they will return to it and once more the buzzards will flap and quarrel in Main st.

Had we wished really to impress them and make them respect and even admire us we should have stood some of their prominent citizens who sniped our sailors against the cathedral and shot them or hung them to the trees in the plaza. No one ever will make these people believe he is serious who begins by treating them as he would treat civilized people or as he expects to be treated. To such conduct they are not yet educated. Magnanimity, justice or generosity is to them only a sign of weakness.

The day our troops are withdrawn anarchy will follow, but if our army is to remain one condition upon which we should insist is that it must occupy ground higher above the sea level than Vera Cruz. The army, while holding Vera Cruz, should be established also in the cool hills as far north even as Orizaba.

Between hurting the feeling of the proud and sensitive Mexican and sacrificing in this fleebitten city one soldier or marine I could without losing any sleep permit the Mexican to suffer.

## REBEL OFFER TO MEDIATE TOO LATE

Continued from page 1

of State, or any effort on the part of the Secretary of State to obtain for him a hearing, is regarded as indicative of a favorable attitude on the part of the administration in Washington toward the plan submitted by the mediators and agreed to by the Mexican and American delegates.

The delay of Urquidí appearing, after having obtained permission to present his protest at 5 o'clock, made an unfavorable impression here and led to the belief that the Constitutionalists were looking for newspaper notoriety rather than seeking sincerely to influence the work of the conference.

Aside from the Urquidí incident there were no developments of importance to-day. The mediators and the delegates of the interested nations are simply waiting for advices from Washington and Mexico City regarding the plan on which they have agreed. This evening the following bulletin was given out by Walter Vernier, spokesman for the mediators:

"The mediators have received a communication from the representative of General Carranza in Washington the tenor of which differs entirely from the version contained in a news dispatch of this morning from Durango, but which does not disturb the course of the negotiations."

[By Cable to The Tribune.] Mexico City, May 29.—The Minister of the Interior, Señor Alcocer, has just informed The Tribune's correspondent that he does not think President Huerta will resign in furtherance of the reported plan of settlement adopted at Niagara Falls. The minister said he had seen the President this morning and saw no indication that the determination which the President had so often expressed of late had undergone any change.

All of the newspapers, however, expressed optimistic views, although insisting that the sovereignty and dignity of Mexico should be maintained. Stress was laid on the necessity of immediate evacuation of Vera Cruz, and in some cases it was contended that no government council could be permitted. It was admitted, however, that a way might be found to get around this in accordance with the Mexican constitution.

The attitude of the Constitutionalists toward the settlement is being discussed in political circles, and public interest has been notably revived by the latest developments.

The Foreign Office sent a cable message to-day to the Mexican delegates at Niagara Falls instructing them to furnish full details of the proposals and plans of settlement. It was expected that Minister Ring would have news to give out this evening regarding the peace conference, but he told the correspondents that he had nothing of interest to communicate.

The Finance Department issued to-day a decree formally closing the custom houses at Tampico and Tuxpam, "owing to their being withdrawn from the government's authority."

Congress will adjourn day after tomorrow. It is not yet known whether the sessions will be extended. Minister Alcocer said that the matter had been under discussion.

## REBELS EXECUTE PINEDA

[By Cable to The Tribune.]

Mexico City, May 29.—The War Department has advices that Colonel Juan Pineda, commander of the Juchiteco Indians, who were fighting for the government, was executed at Hermosillo after being captured by the rebels at Acaponeta, Territory of Tepic, because he refused to join the rebels.

The Federals have succeeded in raising the siege of Zacatlan, State of Puebla, which was threatened by rebels under the Marques brothers. The local garrison resisted until reinforcements arrived from Puebla and routed and dispersed the rebels, killing over two hundred of them.

## VERACRUZ CARRYING CHIP ON SHOULDERS

War Correspondents, Deprived of  
Natural Nourishment, Vent  
Savagery on Officers.

By ARTHUR RUHL.

Vera Cruz, May 29.—The code of the duello fortunately does not obtain among Americans; otherwise Vera Cruz would be cut off from the world while the war correspondents kept their engagements on the field of honor.

Artistic temperament on the one hand and military brusqueness on the other, combined with the wearing effects of the tropical climate, have widened the field of possible insult to such an extent that scarcely an hour passes without somebody's honor being impugned.

For a city of its size Vera Cruz probably contains at the moment more impugned honors than any place in the world. It has reached such a point that the intelligence officer attempting to read a general order from the War Department is interrupted by a punctilious correspondent who declares the language of the order is a direct reflection on him, and impertinent, as he will hear no more.

The cause of this acute condition of nerves is no doubt partly due to the fact that the minds of the war correspondents, deprived of their normal food in the present lull, are forced to turn inward and feed on themselves, after the manner of camels in crossing a desert. Also it has seemed in one or two cases as if both army and navy had taken advantage of the situation to turn over to hapless civilians officers whose temperamental idiosyncrasies made their absence less keenly felt.

However this may be, one can scarcely join groups in portales without hearing of a new outrage on personal dignity and the issuance of new ultimatums by the aggrieved. It is suggested that so far as the navy is concerned we have a helpful precedent, and that if the armistice continues long enough it would be a fine idea for Secretary Daniels to pay a visit to the fleet, like Sir Joseph Porter, K. C. B., in "Pinarof," to give a course in humanities and modern journalism to officers unable to adjust themselves to the comparative informalities of life ashore, somewhat as Captain Corcoran was taught to say "please."

## BOOMS DEHESA TO SUCCEED HUERTA

Mexican Peace Society Favors  
Ex-Governor of Vera Cruz—  
Urquidí Thinks Him Unfit.

The Mexican Peace Society, composed of Mexicans living in New York, has decided to use its influence to have Teodoro A. Dehesa, former Governor of Vera Cruz, selected as Provisional President of Mexico, according to friends of Dehesa. Another meeting will be held to get the views of the Constitutionalists in New York upon Dehesa's candidacy.

If the Constitutionalists join in supporting his candidacy a committee will be sent to Niagara Falls to lay the suggestion before the mediators.

The action of the committee is declared by Javier Lara, correspondent of "La Opinion," a Vera Cruz paper, to be the first action taken by Mexicans to settle their difficulties without recourse to any foreign power.

Francisco Urquidí, Constitutional representative in New York, said that he had received no invitation from the Mexican Peace Society to attend a meeting, and he was sure that Dehesa would not be acceptable to the Constitutionalists. He declared that Dehesa was "one of the old crowd of clerics," and was only permitted to remain in Mexico on the sufferance of President Madero.

## FLEEING FEDERALS TRAPPED BY VILLA

Guaymas Garrison Driven  
Back Into City with  
Heavy Loss.

## ZACATECAS ASSAULT TO OPEN TO-MORROW

Carranza Keeping Wire from  
Durango Hct Over Media-  
tion Question.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Juarez, Mexico, May 29.—General Villa has joined his army at Zacatecas and is making his plans to begin a general attack on the Federal garrisoned city on Sunday. General Carranza is in the city of Durango and in almost constant communication with Rafael Zubaran in regard to Constitutional representation at the mediation conference at Niagara Falls.

What plans Villa has perfected for the Zacatecas attack he alone knows. Nothing concerning the rebel programme has been permitted to come out of Mexico. Of what Carranza proposes to do since his representative, Juan F. Urquidí, has been received at Niagara Falls, rebel leaders here say they know nothing. The situation as to the fighting to the south and the diplomatic battle in the east appears to be one of waiting.

Details of a Federal defeat near Guaymas were received at rebel headquarters here to-day. In an effort to escape from Guaymas the Federal garrison made a sortie, and had reached a point twelve miles from the city before the rebels engaged it in battle.

The Federals fought until seventy of their number had been killed, twice as many wounded and their ammunition and supplies seized, when they retreated to Guaymas, where General Pedro Ojeda has been withstanding a rebel siege for thirteen months. Among the officers killed were General Riveros, General Santa Vanez was fatally wounded.

An unofficial report to-night says the Federal garrison at Guaymas has surrendered, but rebel leaders do not credit it.

## LANDING OF ARMS REMAINS IN DOUBT

It Is Said, However, U. S. Knew in  
Advance of Plan to Un-  
load Munitions.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, May 29.—The Tribune correspondent was informed on high authority to-day that the government had information in advance that the steamer Ypiranga was going to Puerto Mexico to land the arms and ammunition which were in her hold when she approached Vera Cruz last month, bringing on the American occupation of the Mexican port.

The information is interesting, from the point of view which many people in Washington take, particularly in the army and navy, that if it was worth an occupation of Vera Cruz to keep the shipment from Huerta in April something should have been done when the landing was made at Puerto Mexico in May.

In the face of definite information that the Ypiranga landed her arms, coming from several quarters, there is a noticeable inclination in the State and Navy Departments to question whether the munitions of war were actually put on the dock.

## CARRANZA CHANGES HIS REQUEST TO MEDIATORS

Original Message Complained  
That He Was Not Told of  
Points To Be Decided.

Niagara Falls, Ont., May 29.—While the document presented by Juan F. Urquidí to the mediators to-day was signed by Rafael Zubaran, who is Minister of the Interior in the Constitutional Cabinet, it was written on explicit instructions from General Carranza. It differed from the original instructions sent to Zubaran, which are contained in the following message published to-day from Durango: "Six days ago conferences began to treat the international conflict between the United States and Mexico, occasioned by the arrest of several American sailors by soldiers of Huerta at Tampico. To solve this conflict you offered to the government of the United States, to Huerta and to me your good offices, inviting me to appoint delegates who would represent the general headquarters of the Constitutional army, which is under my orders."

"I answered you that in principle I would accept your good offices, and later in a separate message I asked the points which would be dealt with in the peace conference. Awaiting an answer to that dispatch, I have not named delegates."

"I am surprised that you have continued to treat for a solution of the conflict between the United States and Mexico without representations from the Constitutional army, which is in my orders and represents the majority of the people and the largest armed force of the republic."

"For this reason I state to you that I believe the conflict between the United States and Mexico ought not to be solved in future conferences unless in these conferences there is represented the general headquarters of the Constitutional army."

## Mme. Caillaux to Go to Trial.

Paris, May 29.—Mme. Caillaux, wife of Joseph Caillaux, former French Finance Minister, was to-day formally committed for trial on the charge of killing Gaston Calmette, editor of "Le Figaro," on March 16 last. The hearing is to begin probably on July 29.

## Few Sick at Vera Cruz.

Washington, May 29.—General Funston reported to-day that the total sick of the army at Vera Cruz numbered 94, with 14 injured and wounded, the ratio being 1.93 per cent. Among the marines are 34 sick, the percentage being 1.5 per cent.

## DISASTER RENEWS SEA SAFETY PLEA

Inquiry Into Sinking of  
Canadian Liner May  
Teach New Lessons.

## WIRELESS A REMEDY, NOT A PREVENTIVE

Warnings Sounded by Fate of the  
Titanic Are Still Slow of  
General Adoption.

New marine safeguards led yesterday

in the topics which followed every discussion of the sinking of the Empress of Ireland, the queen of the Eastern division of the Canadian Pacific Railroad boats. It is generally believed that the inquiry following the disaster will be carried through with the idea of bringing out facts which will teach lessons of safety.

Since the sinking of the Titanic many experiments have been conducted with various safety devices. There has been no definite co-operative work based upon the knowledge gained by that and other sea disasters, however. Such improvements as have been achieved have largely been the result of individual effort on the part of steamship companies or individuals.

The Olympic, sister ship to the Titanic, was reconstructed with a double skin to prevent another such catastrophe. Many

of the newer boats also have that provision for safety now. Strict boat drills, inspection of lifeboats and an increase in the complement of lifeboats were some of the other measures that were suggested by the ripping open of the Titanic.

There seems to have been more or less hesitation about their general adoption, based in part upon the difficulty of carrying out some of the suggestions, and in part upon a false feeling of security in the value of wireless and the submarine bell as preventives of collision.

It was pointed out yesterday that wireless is in the nature of a remedy rather than a preventive. After the accident has occurred it is almost useless, although by its means warnings of obstructions to navigation or the vicinity of other ships may be had.

Whatever defects the old Great Eastern had, her double skin and longitudinal bulkheads were preventive measures whose value was apparently unheeded by later shipbuilders. It was due to these precautions that the Great Eastern reached port safely after travelling 200 miles with an eighty-foot gash below the waterline.

An arrangement of lights, according to the size of the vessel carrying them, which was proposed by A. S. Leopold, of Montreal, might have warned the freighter that rammed the Empress of Ireland in time to prevent the collision. Under Mr. Leopold's plan the Empress of Ireland would have been carrying three star-board and port lights, arranged vertically, in addition to her masthead lights.

## Aquitania Out of Dock.

Liverpool, May 29.—The new 4,900-ton Cunard liner Aquitania came out of the Gladstone Dock to-day preparatory to starting on her maiden voyage to New York to-morrow. The company entertained 1,000 guests on board.

## AMERICANS CATCH MEXICAN BANDIT

Rodrigo Quevedo Arrested by De-  
tectives While Seeking Sup-  
plies in El Paso.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

El Paso, Tex., May 29.—Rodrigo Quevedo, commander of a band of Mexican filibusters who have been terrorizing Americans in Northern Chihuahua for months, is a prisoner in El Paso.

Quevedo, who is said to hold a commission as a Federal general, was captured to-day by local detectives in an apartment house, where it is said he had been in hiding for two days. He came to El Paso to arrange for the shipment of ammunition and supplies to his band, camped near the New Mexico border above Palomas. It is said that he will be turned over to the United States army and sent to Fort Wingate, where Maxim Castillo and two other bandits are prisoners.

Sylvester Quevedo, brother of Rodrigo, also was on the American side, near El Paso, this week, but is said to have returned to his command.

The two Quevedos and Roque Gomez have been leading bands of Mexicans through Northern Chihuahua for months, looting American properties and holding American cattlemen and mining men prisoners for ransom. Villa has sent rebel soldiers after them time and again, and several weeks ago the Quevedo band was attacked by rebels and twenty-one of its members put to death. Since then the Quevedos have been operating close to the border to escape from rebels, whom they fear more than they do Americans.

# THE SUNDAY Tribune

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## SPECIAL FEATURE SECTION

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**WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PINS ITSELF TOGETHER**—Twice as strong as it has been.

**A TRIP WITH UNCLE SAM'S DERELICT DESTROYER MOHAWK**—Talking with the deep sea diver seventy-five feet below.

**FIRE LAWS THAT DON'T PROTECT**—H. F. J. Porter tells of the work of the Fire Prevention Committee.

**PISGAH FOREST PRESERVE**—Wonderful tract in the South owned by the late George W. Vanderbilt.

**SHAKING HANDS**—Analysis of a custom which, we are quite sure, has its origin in something profound and psychological.

**WILD NIGHTS IN MEXICO**—An American woman living on a Mexican plantation tells a story of the unseen enemy, of drunken laborers, of rivers of burning whiskey and at length escape.

**AN INTERVIEW WITH DR. VON FARKASHAZY**—A Hungarian editor who dreams of a true democracy in the heart of Europe.

**THE SEA GIANT STIRS UP NEW PROBLEMS IN NEW YORK HARBOR**—Army engineers attempt to find solution of pier problem.

**THE WOMEN SOLDIERS OF MEXICO**—Followers of the army because their men are there. The superb story of Mathilde Martinez.

**GEN. GRANT'S blunder fifty years ago.**

## Woman's Sunday Pages

**INSURING HAPPINESS TO THE COLLEGE WOMAN**—An association takes care of her "play" as well as her working hours.

**WHY THE SUCCESSFUL WOMAN WANTS TO VOTE**—Julia Lathrop, Dr. Katherine B. Davis and women of like calibre write their "reason why" for The Tribune.

**"SUPER-FEMINISMS"**—That is what Alice Duer Miller's satire-barbed paragraphs appearing here have been called.

**THE WEEK'S PARIS FASHION REPORT**—Entertaining gossip about clothes complements Miss Bessie Acough's latest sketches.

**THE NEWEST COTTAGE CHINA**—Illustrated with photographs of several attractive patterns.

## Children's Page

**GENEVIEVE** and her friend almost eat ice cream for hours and hours and hours.

**CAN A FIGURE 8 BECOME A RABBIT?**—Certainly, if you use the mesmerism our girls and boys employ.

**PUSS IN BOOTS JR.'S LAST ADVENTURE**—He finds his father and ends his wanderings.

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# SUNDAY MAGAZINE of TO-MORROW'S TRIBUNE

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## ALL IN TO-MORROW'S

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